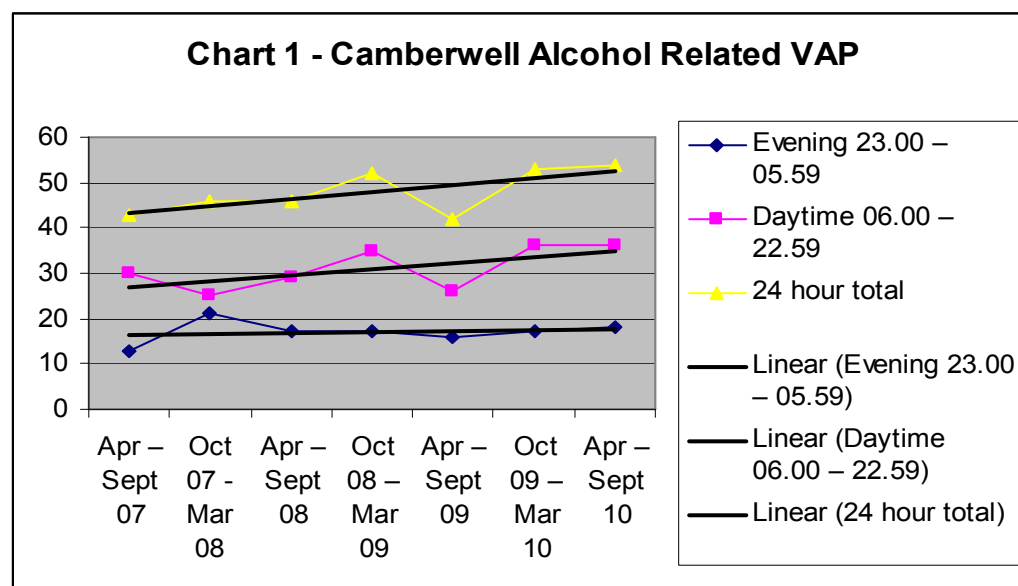


Camberwell Analysis

Violence against the person

- Table 1 / chart 1 below provides comparative figures for alcohol related VAP within the existing Camberwell saturation area, for the past seven, six-month periods commencing April – September 2007 through to April – September 2010.

Table 1 - Camberwell alcohol related VAP	Apr – Sept 07	Oct 07 - Mar 08	Apr – Sept 08	Oct 08 – Mar 09	Apr – Sept 09	Oct 09 – Mar 10	Apr – Sept 10
Evening 23.00 – 05.59	13	21	17	17	16	17	18
Daytime 06.00 – 22.59	30	25	29	35	26	36	36
24 hour total	43	46	46	52	42	53	54



- Table 2 below provides a breakdown of VAP offences.

Table 2	Apr-Sep 07	Oct-Mar08	Apr-Sep 08	Oct-Mar 09	Apr-Sep 09	Oct-Mar 10	Apr-Sep 10
Assault with injury	10	9	14	14	19	21	15
Common assault	5	6	7	9	3	9	18
Harassment	21	24	20	17	9	12	10
Offensive weapon	2	0	0	2	0	0	4
Other violence	2	2	2	5	2	4	3
Serious wounding	3	5	3	4	9	7	4
Grand total	43	46	46	52	42	53	54

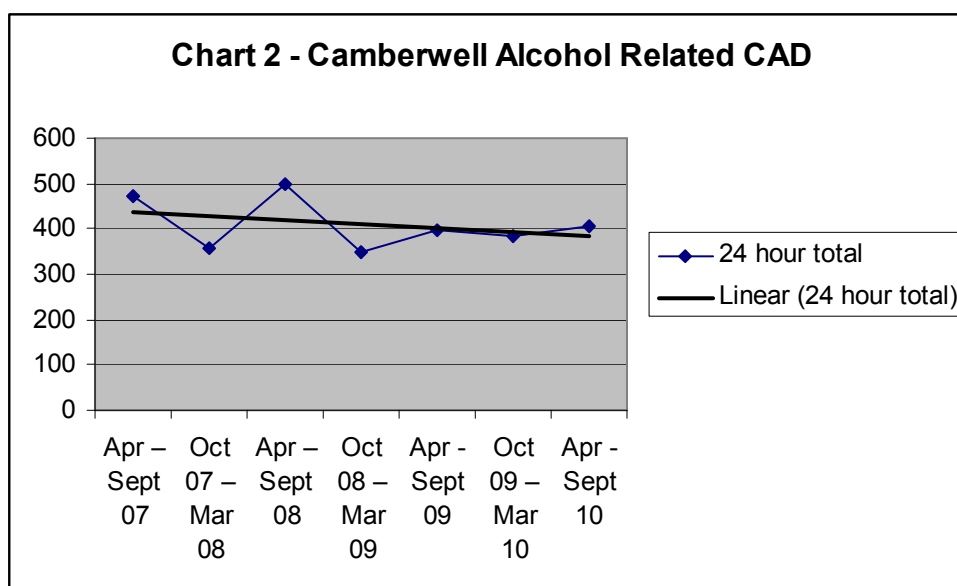
- Overall, the analysis shows a rising trend of alcohol related VAP in the Camberwell area, though the variation in numbers concerned is low. While the total figure for the most recent 6-month period (April – September 2010) is the highest for the area under the monitor, the numbers have been consistent for three of the last four periods.

4. Evening VAP figures indicate a shift in this area from assault with injury towards the lower level assaults / harassment. Of concern, the previously high levels of serious wounding were maintained. Most offences tend to occur in the street. There are very few repeat venues in the area. Half of all evening offences in this area occur on a Saturday or Sunday, with the early hours of Sunday morning being the peak.
5. Daytime alcohol related VAP in Camberwell has stayed at a similar level across the last few periods. Of note in this period, is a reduction in serious wounding and harassment (though an increase in common assault). Though the total figures remain broadly similar, the severity of assault has lessened. Daytime alcohol related assault generally occurs after 1900 hours, with peak days on Mondays, Fridays and Tuesdays. In the previous assessment the peak times had fallen in the late afternoon / early evening, from the time when schools finish for the day, until 1900 hours.

Alcohol related CAD calls

6. Table 3 / chart 2 provides comparative data regarding alcohol related CAD calls received by the police concerning the existing Camberwell saturation area, for the past seven, six-month periods commencing April – September 2007 through to April – September 2010.

Table 3 - Camberwell alcohol related CAD calls	Apr - Sept 07	Oct 07 - Mar 08	Apr - Sept 08	Oct 08 - Mar 09	Apr - Sept 09	Oct 09 - Mar 10	Apr - Sept 10
24 hour total	472	357	499	347	396	384	407



7. Table 4 provides a breakdown of CAD offences.

Table 4	Apr-Sep 07	Oct-Mar 08	Apr-Sep 08	Oct-Mar 09	Apr-Sep 09	Oct-Mar 10	Apr-Sep 10
Licensing	9	1	3	1	8	6	9
Rowdy behaviour	394	312	421	289	332	331	360
Street drinking	69	44	75	57	56	47	38
Total	472	357	499	347	396	384	407

8. Overall, while the most recent CAD figures for the Camberwell area show a small increase over recent periods, the analysis continues to indicate a decreasing trend with figures still considerably lower than the high numbers recorded in the summers of 2007 and 2008. However, levels of rowdy behaviour, the main category of offence, continue to increase over recent periods. In the most recent period (April – September 2010) figures have increased by 8.8% when compared to the last period (October 2009 – March 2010) and by 8.4% when compared to the same period last year. Licensing issues in the area have seen small rises from a very low level while street drinking has demonstrated considerable reductions.
9. In the daytime period (Between 0600 and 2300) alcohol related disorder typically takes place in the street, most notably in Camberwell Green, Denmark Hill and Camberwell Grove. Premises of note include a significant number of smaller newsagents / convenience stores selling alcohol, as well as bookmakers. 23.1% of alcohol related disorder in this area occurs between 2300 and 0550 hours. Peak times for disorder are Fridays, between 1500 and 1700 hours and Mondays, between 1600 and 200 hours.

Nuisance service requests

10. Table 5 shows the number of service requests attributed to licensed premises within the saturation area alongside the number of different premises that were subject of complaint.

Table 5	Dec-May 07	Jun-Nov 07	Dec-May 08	Jun-Nov 08	Dec-May 09	Jun-Nov 09	Dec-May 10	Jun-Nov 10
No. of service complaints	4	14	0	8	5	5	3	25
No of licensed premises subject of complaint	4	7	0	7	3	2	3	9

11. The figures show that the level of service requests received in June – November 2010 was the highest within the monitor. This is considered likely to be due to improved recording.

Ambulance data

12. Between December 2009 and May 2010, Camberwell Green was recorded as having the third highest number (118) of alcohol related calls. This represents 7.5% of the total number of calls received by the London Ambulance Service. An increase from 5.6% in the previous figures.